

Economic Conditions

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Research Department Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond



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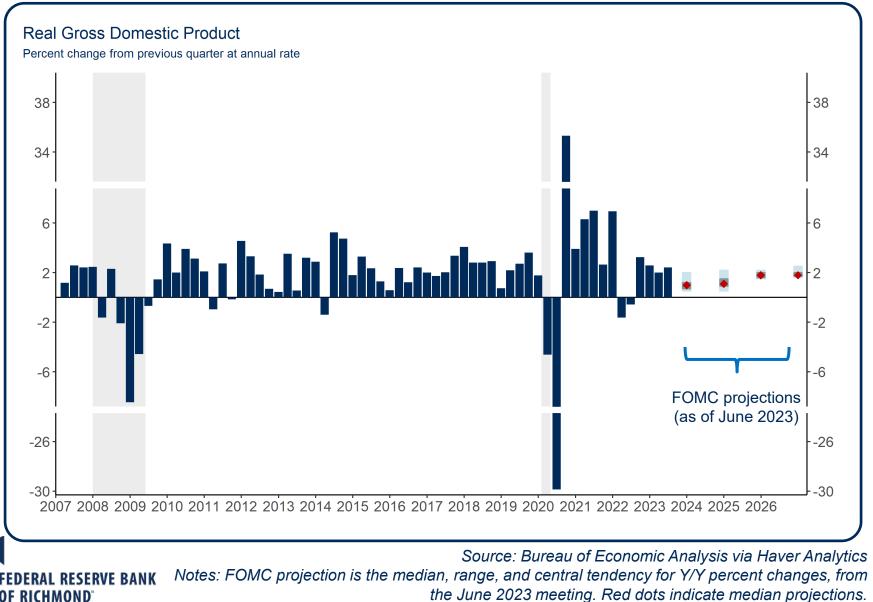
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Upshot: Recession keeps not happening

- Demand surged in Covid, but supply couldn't meet it so we got inflation
- Supply/demand are balancing, but still not there
 - Demand is slowing, but still strong & inflation momentum too high
 - Few businesses I talk to report recessionary dynamics currently
 - Growth <u>expected</u> to soften more broadly as rate hikes take hold (though recession probability keeps getting pushed out)
 - But lots of artificial "stuff" still propping the economy/inflation up
 - fiscal policy, extra household savings, supply chain disruptions, etc.
- Virginia continues to lag in growth and recovery, but it tends to not take slowdowns as hard



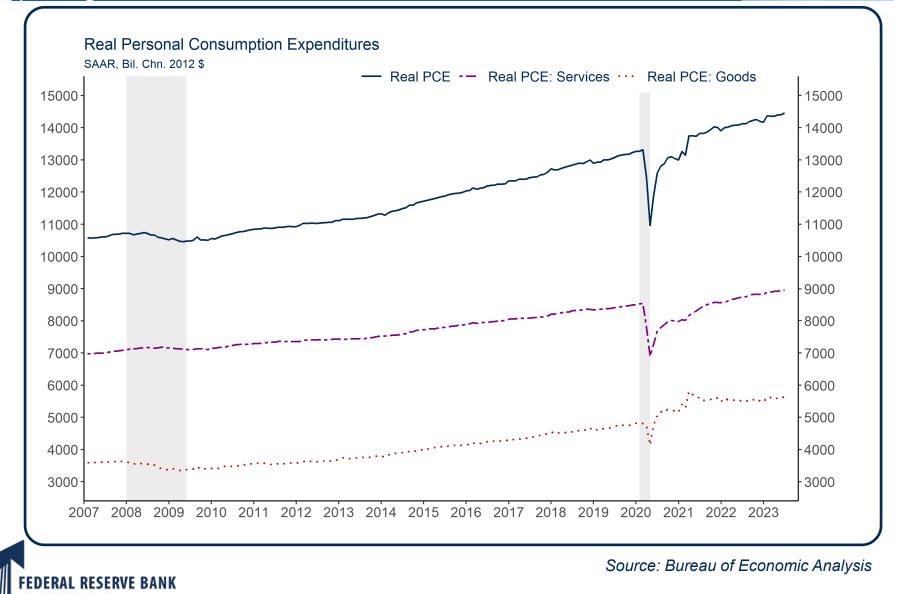
Growth strong today. Forecasts tepid (though economists have been saying that for months)



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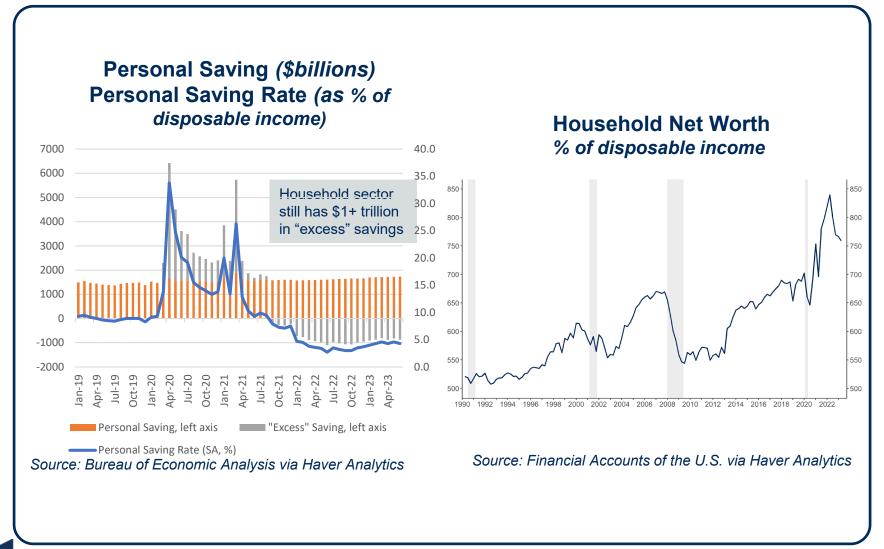
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Consumption is pivoting back to services, but both categories are proving resilient



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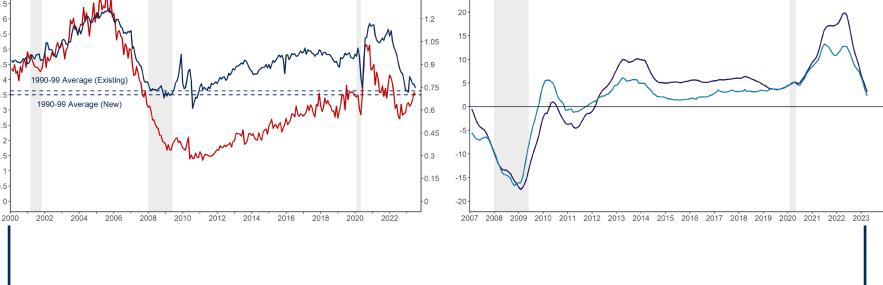
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Housing has not slowed as much as many folks expected

New and existing single-family home sales House prices (US and VA) New & Existing Single-Family Home Sales CoreLogic HPI Millions YoY % Chng Existing Sales(Left Axis) - New Sales (Right Axis) 25 1.35 6.5 20 6 1.2 5.5 15 1.05 4.5



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3.5

3 2.5

2

1.5 1

0.5

0

Source: Census Bureau via Haver Analytics / Federal Housing Finance Agency/Haver Analytics

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- United States - Virginia

25

20

15

10

5

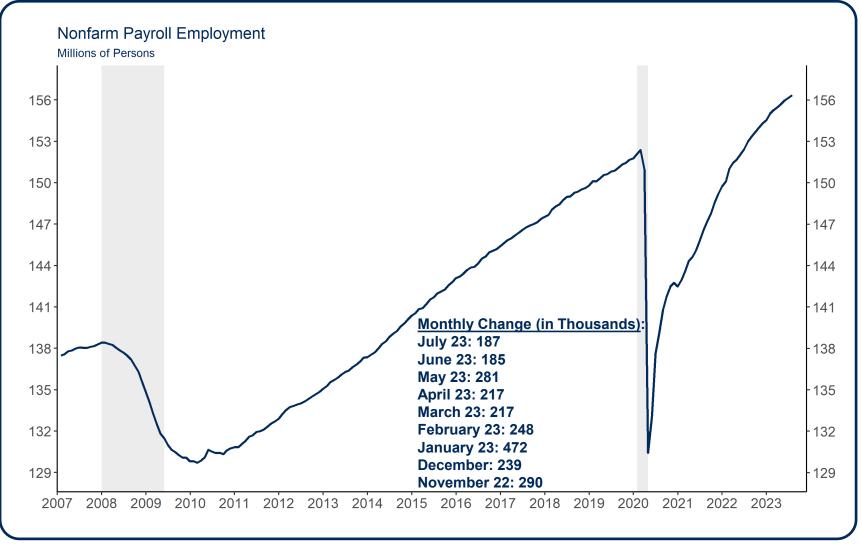
-5

-10

-15

-20

Maybe job growth is slowing... if you squint?



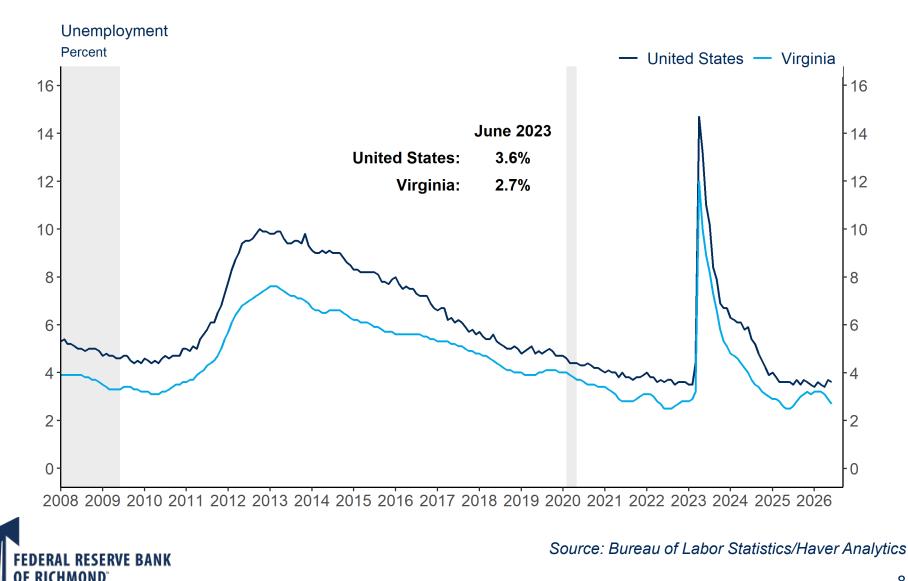
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

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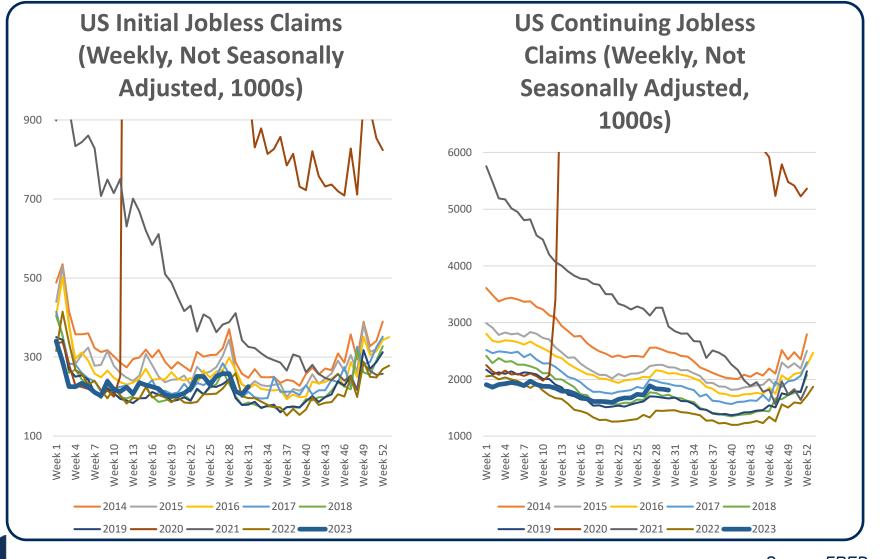
Labor market still is very tight, U at 50-year low



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Little sign of mass layoffs (despite tech announcements)

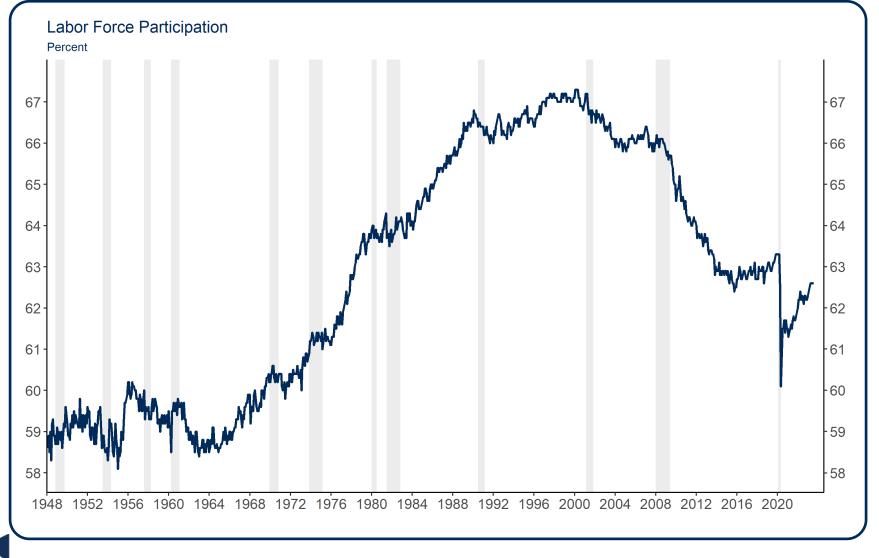


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Source: FRED

Labor is normalizing #1: LFP is recovering (though probably won't make it all the way back)



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Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics



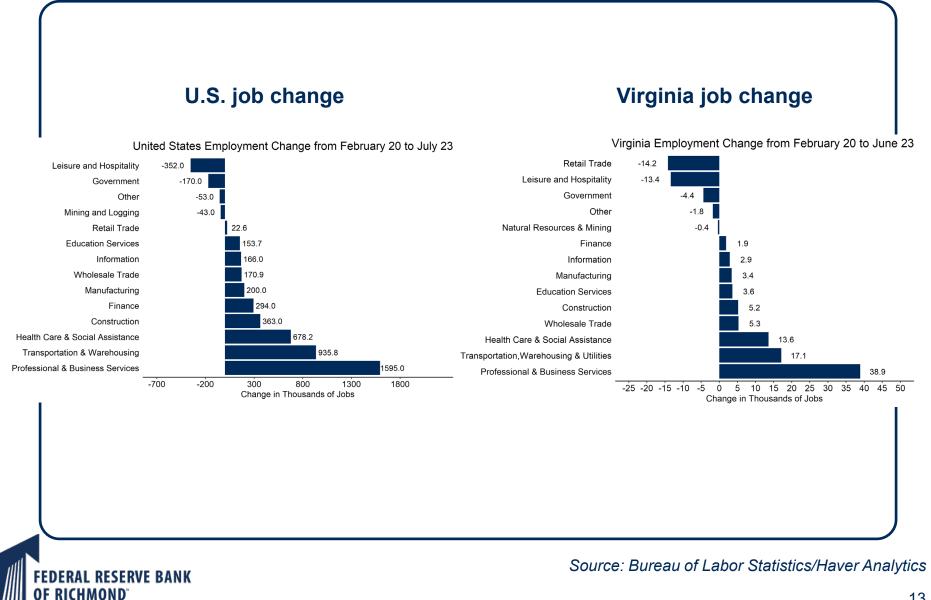
Source: JOLTS/Haver Analytics

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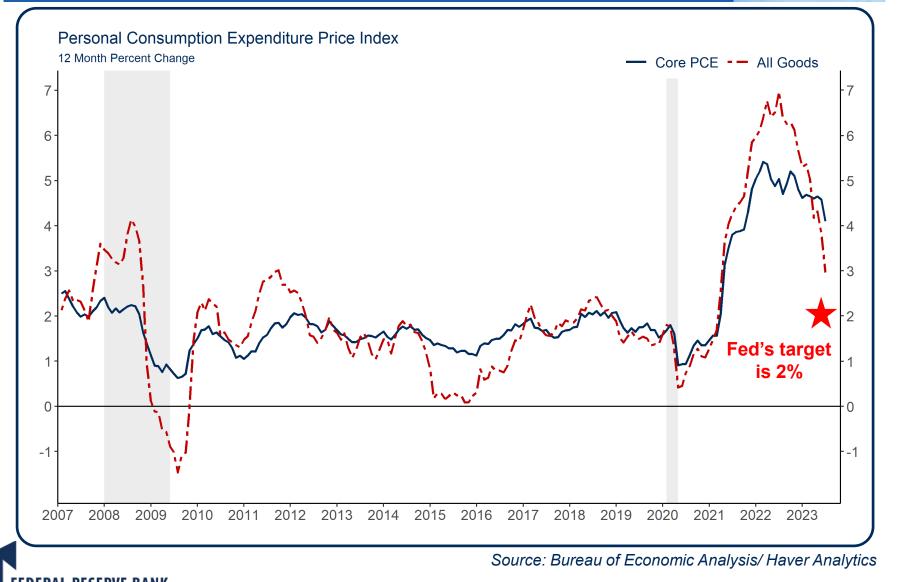
Labor is normalizing #3: The payoff to job-switching is falling



Covid changed things: Workers shifted sectors

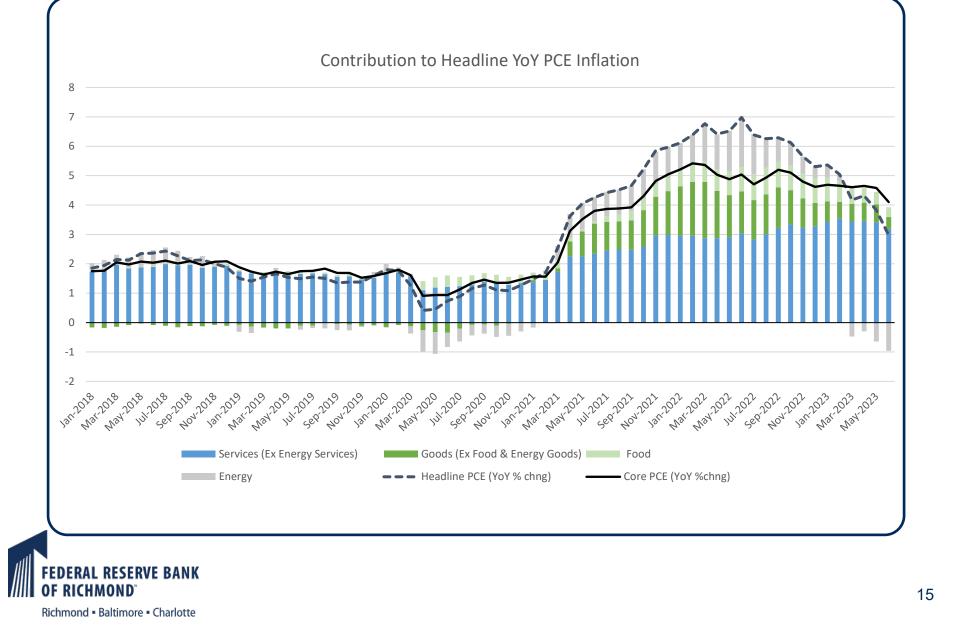


Inflation is heading in the right direction...

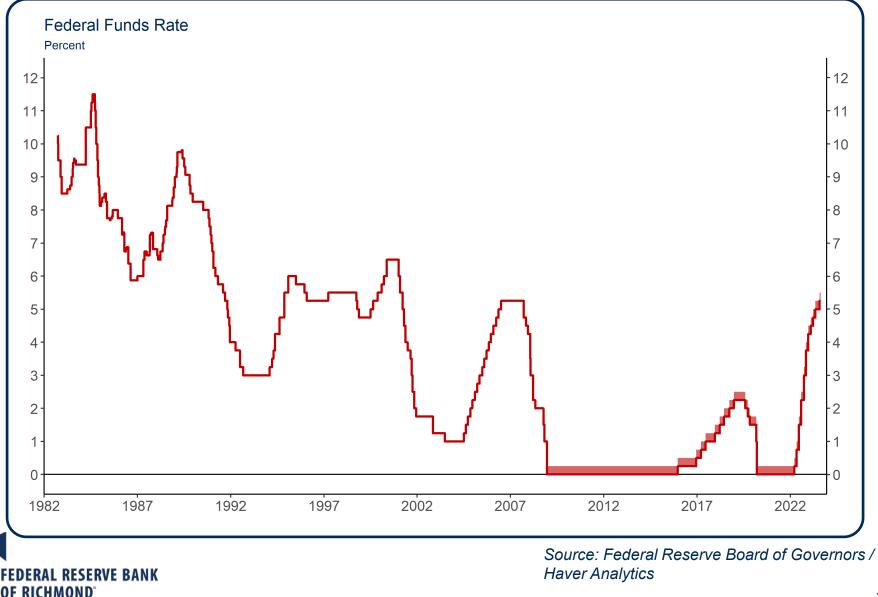




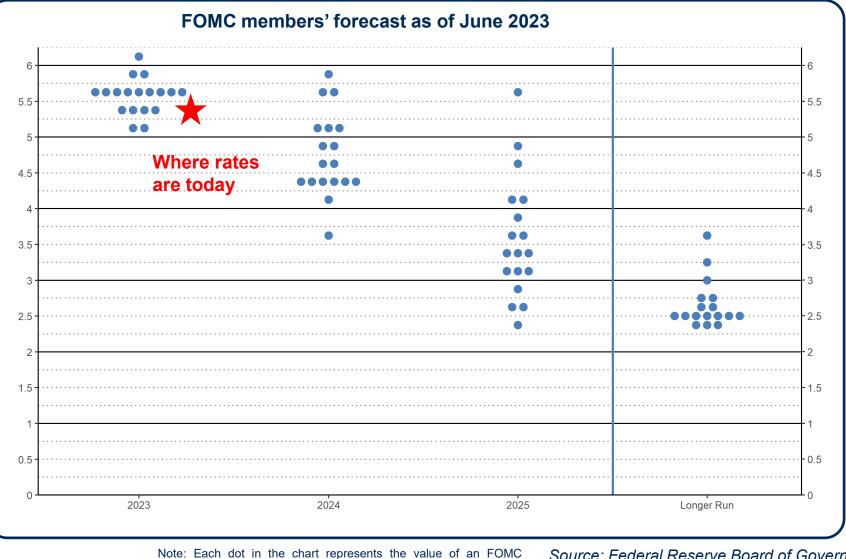
... but momentum in services inflation is still too high



Fed has raised rates unusually fast to deal with inflation



We raised in June; markets betting on a pause in September



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participant's judgment of the midpoint of the appropriate target range (or the appropriate target level) for the federal funds rate at the end of the calendar year.

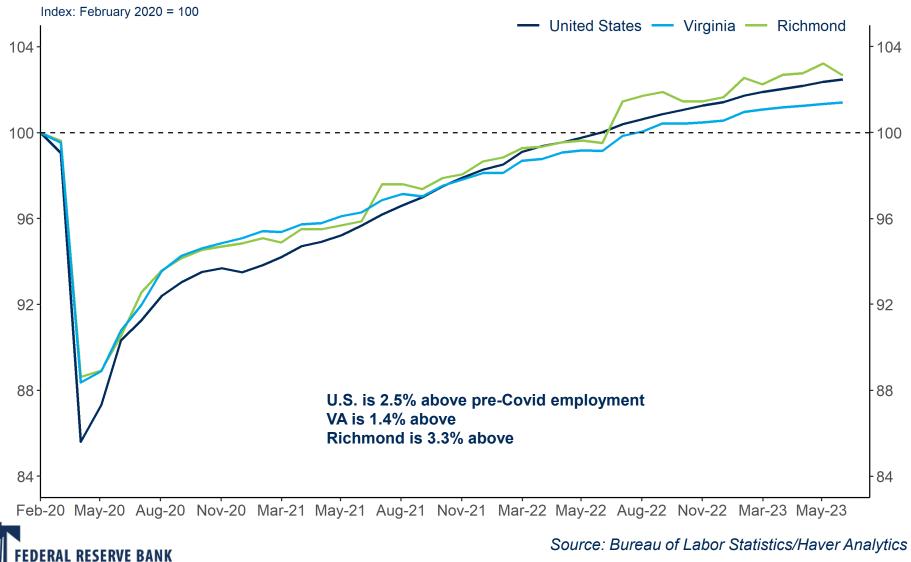
Source: Federal Reserve Board of Governors Forecast

How is the region doing?

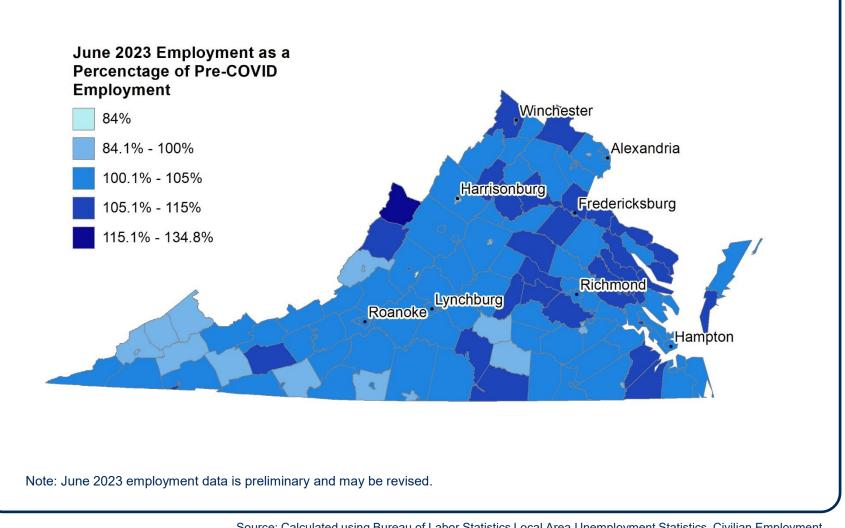


Virginia's recovery has been slower...

Total Payroll Employment Index



but recovery varies a lot across the state . . .

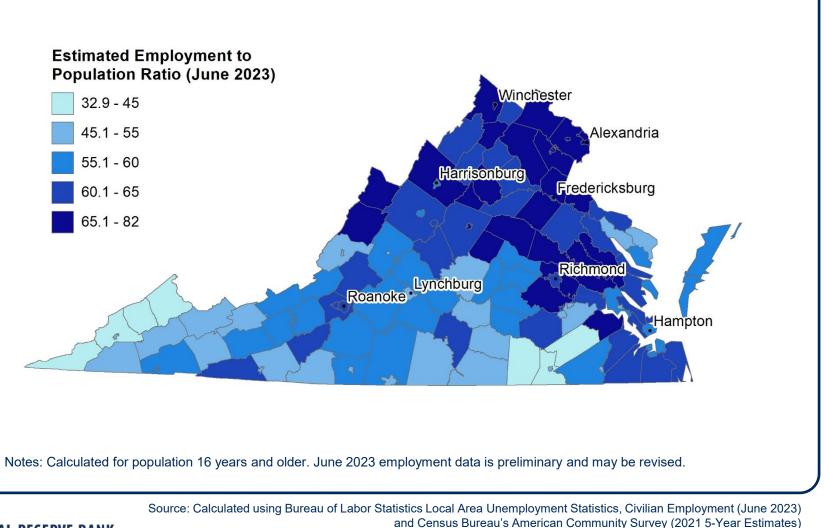




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Source: Calculated using Bureau of Labor Statistics Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Civilian Employment

And in general, employment outcomes vary a LOT by region



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Even when there are jobs, lots of things keep people from work:

- Skill barriers (education, training)
- Non-skill barriers
 - Personal: childcare, health
 - Infrastructure: housing, transportation, broadband
 - Incentives: benefits cliffs, aspiration

This is where community development is economic development





https://www.richmondfed.org/region_communities/rural



What do I want you to leave here knowing?

- Further slowing is likely rate increases hit with a lag. But also reason to believe a recession could be mild:
 - Labor is still tight
 - Businesses have had a long time to prepare
 - Interest-sensitive sectors (like housing and autos) still have pent-up demand
- Short-term risks:
 - Commercial real estate
 - Credit/capital flow
 - Inflation stops coming down, requiring more action from the Fed
 - Shocks (where most recessions come from!)
- For a strong economy, <u>regions</u> need to thrive so the Richmond Fed cares a lot about understanding what works across
 communities

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